

試験答案用紙

番号 氏名

1. (1)  $P(Z \geq z_0) = 0.10 \Rightarrow P(Z \leq z_0) = 0.90 \Rightarrow z_0 = 1.2816$

(2)  $P(|T| \geq t_0) = 2P(T \geq t_0) = 0.05 \Rightarrow P(T \geq t_0) = 0.025$

$\therefore t_0 = t_{0.025} = 2.262$

(3) [1] 1.594 [2] 3.007

(4)  $E[X_n] = \lambda_n, V[X_n] = \lambda_n \quad (n=1,2)$

[1]  $E[X_1 + X_2] = E[X_1] + E[X_2] = \lambda_1 + \lambda_2$

[2]  $V[X_1 + X_2] = \lambda_1 + \lambda_2$

(5) [1]  $E[X_n] = \frac{1}{13}(1+2+\dots+13) = \frac{1}{13} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 13 \cdot 14 = 7$

[2]  $V[X_n] = \frac{1}{13}(1^2+2^2+\dots+13^2) - 7^2 = \frac{1}{13} \cdot \frac{1}{6} \cdot 13 \cdot 14 \cdot 27 - 7^2 = 14$

[3]  $E[\bar{X}] = E[X_n] = 7$

[4]  $V[\bar{X}] = \frac{14}{26} = \frac{7}{13}$

(6)  $X_1, X_2$  は明示的に互いに独立  $P(X_n=1) = \frac{12}{25}$

$P(X_n=2) = \frac{4}{25} \quad (n=1,2)$   $E[X_n] = \frac{12}{25} + \frac{8}{25} = \frac{20}{25}$

[1]  $E[X_1 + X_2] = \frac{4}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{8}{5}$

[2]  $E[X_1 X_2] = \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 = \frac{16}{25}$

(7) a: 1回目の数字, b: 2回目の数字  $\Rightarrow$  2桁の数  $\Rightarrow$  10進数の Y の値

a \ b	1	2	3
1	1	2	3
2	3	4	5
3	1	2	3

[1]  $\frac{2}{9}$

[2]  $\frac{2}{9}$

[3]  $\frac{3}{9} = \frac{1}{3}$

[4]  $\frac{1}{9}$

[5]  $\frac{1}{9}$

(8) [1] 1.761 [2] 3.325

(9)  $\bar{X}$  は  $N(10, \frac{4}{100})$  に従う  $Z = \frac{\bar{X}-10}{\frac{2}{10}} \sim N(0,1)$

従って  $P(\bar{X} \leq 10.51) = P(Z \leq 2.55) = 0.9946$

(10)  $\frac{29U^2}{20}$  は  $\chi^2(29)$  に従う  $P(0 \leq U^2 \leq k)$

$= P(0 \leq \frac{29U^2}{20} \leq \frac{29}{20}k) = 0.5 \Rightarrow k = \frac{20}{29} \chi_{29}^2(0.5) = 19.542$

2. (1)  $M_X(t) = \int_0^\infty e^{tx} \lambda e^{-\lambda x} dx = \lambda \int_0^\infty e^{-(\lambda-t)x} dx$

与式  $= \lambda \left[ -\frac{1}{\lambda-t} e^{-(\lambda-t)x} \right]_0^\infty = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda-t} \quad (3分)$

(2)  $M_X(t) = \frac{1}{1-\frac{t}{\lambda}} \quad |t| < \lambda$

$M_X(t) = \sum_{n=0}^\infty \left(\frac{t}{\lambda}\right)^n = \sum_{n=0}^\infty \frac{1}{\lambda^n} t^n \quad (2分)$

(3) (2) より  $E[X^n] = \frac{n!}{\lambda^n}$

3. (1)  $x \geq 0$  のとき  $f_1(x) = \int_0^\infty e^{-x} e^{-y} dy = e^{-x} \int_0^\infty e^{-y} dy$

$= e^{-x} \cdot [-e^{-y}]_0^\infty = e^{-x}, \quad x < 0$  のとき  $f_1(x) = 0$

$\therefore f_1(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x} & (x \geq 0) \\ 0 & (x < 0) \end{cases} \quad (3分)$

(2) 同様にして  $f_2(y) = \begin{cases} e^{-y} & (y \geq 0) \\ 0 & (y < 0) \end{cases}$

(3)  $f(x,y) = f_1(x)f_2(y)$  より  $X, Y$  は独立

4.  $k=0,1,2, \dots$  に對して  $P(X=k) = P(X_1+X_2=k) = \sum_{l=0}^k P(X_1=l, X_2=k-l)$

$X_1, X_2$  は互いに独立  $P(X_1=l, X_2=k-l) = P(X_1=l)P(X_2=k-l)$

与式  $= \sum_{l=0}^k \frac{\lambda_1^l}{l!} e^{-\lambda_1} \cdot \frac{\lambda_2^{k-l}}{(k-l)!} e^{-\lambda_2} = \frac{1}{k!} \sum_{l=0}^k \frac{k!}{l!(k-l)!} \lambda_1^l \lambda_2^{k-l} e^{-\lambda_1-\lambda_2}$

$= \frac{(\lambda_1 + \lambda_2)^k}{k!} e^{-(\lambda_1 + \lambda_2)}$  従って  $X = X_1 + X_2 \sim P_0(\lambda_1 + \lambda_2)$  に従う (4分)

5. 確率密度関数  $f(x) = \frac{1}{b-a} \quad (a < x < b), = 0 \quad (x \leq a \text{ 或 } x \geq b)$

$M_X(t) = \int_a^b \frac{1}{b-a} e^{tx} dx = \frac{1}{b-a} \left[ \frac{1}{t} e^{tx} \right]_a^b$

$= \frac{e^{bt} - e^{at}}{(b-a)t} \quad (3分)$